



I Semester B.Com./B.B.M./B.H.M. Examination, Nov./Dec. 2013

(Fresh + Repeaters) (2010-11 and Onwards)

LANGUAGE ENGLISH – I

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100/90

- Instructions :**
- Answer *all* the questions.
 - Students of Freshers Scheme (2011-12 and Onwards) answering for **100** marks should answer **2** out of 4 questions in Part – A, III Main question.
 - Students of Repeaters Scheme (Prior to 2011-12) answering for **90** marks should answer **1** out of 4 questions in Part – A, III main question.

PART – A

(Course Book – Literary Component)

Marks : 60/50

- I. Answer **any seven** of the following in **one** or **two** sentences **each** : (7×2=14)
- Name the book that made Rachel Carson famous. What kind of revolution did it start ?
 - Who are the two protesters from the North and the South ?
 - What does the phrase 'Moral Poverty' suggest in poem 'Tiger Tiger Revisited' ?
 - What does the tenant's request in the poem 'Ballad of the Landlord' ?
 - Why was Carmen tempted to stay at home in the story 'The Advance' ?
 - State two instances in which the inspector would jot down Allarakhi's name in the story 'Penalty'.
 - How did Jerome's father die in the story 'A Shocking Accident' ?
 - Why do little girls adore Barbie according to Alvin Toffler in 'The Throw away Society' ?
 - Whom did the landlord cry for help in the poem 'Ballad of the Landlord' ?
- II. Answer **any four** of the following in about **one** page **each** : (4×5=20)
- Describe Rachel Carson's childhood.
 - Explain the main differences of the forms of protest in America and India, as you learn in 'Two Kinds of Environmentalism'.
 - Comment on how the human ignorance and greed lead to the extinct of the Tigers, in the poem "Tiger Tiger Revisited".
 - How do the two children Francoise and Hector differ in their lives in the story 'The Advance' ?
 - Narrate how Allarakhi threatened her crying child in the story 'Penalty'.
 - How did Jerome describe his father's death at Naples in the story 'A Shocking Accident' ?

P.T.O.



- III. a) Students of **Fresher's** Scheme (2011-12 and onwards answering for 100 marks) should answer **2** out of 4 questions in about **2** pages **each** : **(2×10=20)**
- b) Students of Repeaters' Scheme (Prior to 2011-12 answering for **90** marks) should answer **1** out of 4 questions in about **2** pages. **(1×10=10)**
- 1) Describe Rachel Carson's life as a college student.
 - 2) How does Ramachandra Guha bring out the strategies of Mark Dubois and Medha Patkar in "Two Kinds of Environmentalism ?
 - 3) Comment on the significance of the title 'Tiger Tiger Revisited'.
 - 4) Why does Carmen feel that society and human nature would have to change ?
- IV. Do as directed : **(6×1=6)**
- a) Identify the suitable synonym from brackets for each of the given word :
- i) Diligent (intelligent, modest, energetic, industrious)
 - ii) Prevent (stop, obstruct, restrict, interrupt)
- b) Use the appropriate forms of the word in the brackets to fill in the given blanks :
- i) He worked _____ to support his company. (diligent)
 - ii) The speaker _____ conveyed the message. (effect)
- c) Add 'ist' or 'er' to the words given below and fill in the blanks appropriately. (teenage, geology.)
- i) He consulted the _____ to confirm the ground water level of his area.
 - ii) Sudha acted in her first film when she was a _____.

PART - B

(Work Book - Communication Skills)

Marks : 40

- V. 1) Fill in the blank with an appropriate article : **(1×1=1)**
He reached the college _____ hour late.
- 2) Fill in the blank with an appropriate preposition : **(1×1=1)**
He was one ___ permanent members here.
- 3) Fill in the blank with the correct verb : **(1×1=1)**
People _____ waiting for the President. (is/are)
- 4) Fill in the blank in the following sentences with the appropriate tense form of the verb given in the brackets : **(1×2=2)**
- a) The film 'The Slum Dog Millionaire' _____ (win) the Oscar Award in the year 2009.
 - b) The girl _____ (resemble) her grandmother.
- 5) Rewrite the following with appropriate punctuation marks wherever necessary : **2**
her 5 year old son arun lives in bangalore and speaks spanish fluently.



VI. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions set on it :

The Earth's surface has warmed by about 1 degree Fahrenheit in the past century. The Global warming has been particularly strong during the last 20 years. It has been accompanied by melting of glaciers, thinning arctic ice, rising sea levels, lengthening of growing seasons for some, and earlier arrival of migratory birds. Concentrations of greenhouse gases will accelerate and conservative assumptions about how the climate will react to that, computer models suggest that average global surface temperatures will rise between 2.5 and 10.4 degrees Fahrenheit and 1.4 and 5.8 degrees Celsius by the end of this century. Projecting how the world's climate will change in the future requires estimating the amount of greenhouse gases produced by burning fossil fuels and other human activities. These gases often remain in the atmosphere for many years, trapping radiation that would naturally escape into the earth's atmosphere.

The major greenhouse gases-have both natural and human-induced sources. The carbon dioxide is not only formed by the decay in plant matter but also by the burning of coal, oil, and natural gas. The atmospheric methane can be formed by growing rice, raising cattle, coal mining, using land-fills and using of natural gas. Carbon dioxide and methane are more plenty in the Earth's atmosphere. Carbon dioxide is probably the single and most important agent contributing to climate changes.

Climatic changes affect in regions with drought in some area and flood in others. The agriculture and forestry may benefit but hotter and drier conditions increase the potential for crop distributions to change. Many regions have water shortage and the quality of the water has deteriorated. The warming of the earth is of great concern to many scientists, ecologist, environmentalists and policy makers.

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|--|---|
| 1) The Earth surface has warmed about _____ in the past century. | 1 |
| 2) How does Global warming effect the earth surface ? | 2 |
| 3) What does the Computer model suggest ? | 2 |
| 4) How is carbon dioxide formed ? | 2 |
| 5) What are the effects of the climatic changes ? | 2 |
| 6) Name the important agent contributing to climatic changes. | 1 |

VII. Write a paragraph of about **80-100** words using the hints given below : **(5+5=10)**

a) Narrate your visit Banergatta Park; you may use the following guidelines to write your paragraph.

- How you felt on seeing the crowd at the entrance ?
- Reading the instructions, do's and don'ts inside the park.
- Varieties of animals and birds you saw there.

b) Describe the Children's Park near your house by using the following hints :

Locations of the park-play things arranged-view of the park – maintenance – timings – free entry.



VIII. Make notes on the following passage by choosing either linear or a diagrammatic format :

5

India is known for herbal medicine for ages. Plants and shrubs with their leaves, stalks, flowers, seeds and roots are used as medicine. These plants and shrubs are both poisonous if taken in large quantity but if taken in small quantity they are medicines.

Foxgloves are poisonous if eaten, but the drug digitalis is extracted from the plants, and this is used to treat people with heart diseases. The Deadly Nightshade gives belladonna which is used as a sedative and NUX vomica tree supplies strychnine, which can increase appetite. However, both of these medicines must be taken in small doses; they are poisonous if that dose is exceeded. The Chinese were using opium, from poppies and the South American Indians chewing coca leaves as painkillers later appeared the drugs called heroin and cocaine. Now same are distilled from the plants and used for strengths, they have become addictive drugs, quinine, which helps to bring down fever. Quinine is extracted from that bark of the cinchona tree, which grows in South America. Camphor, castor beans and cloves all give oils with medicinal uses. And these are only a few of the many plants used to ease illness. Another fungus must be included here, the penicillium fungus, which gives penicillin, an invaluable antibiotic. Any medicine taken in small quantity is helpful but the same taken in large can be dangerous and cause death.

IX. Do as directed :

- a) Introduce your father to your Principal. 2
- b) Write a set of instructions to your friend on how to get a library card. (in 5 sentences). 3
- c) Give directions to your friend on how to reach Vidhana Soudha from Anand Rao circle. 3

